



Massachusetts Department of Public Health Bureau of Infectious Disease and Laboratory Sciences



MDPH Update

6-1-2017

Susan M. Lett, MD, MPH
Medical Director, Immunization Program
MA Department of Public Health



Outline

- Adult Immunization Rates (Handout)
- Tdap Vaccine Recommendations
- MenB Vaccine Recommendations
- Checklist of Best Practices for Clinics Held at Satellite, Temporary, Off-site Locations & Pledge



Tdap Vaccine Recommendations for Pregnant Women

- **Pregnant women** should receive 1 dose of Tdap during each pregnancy, **preferably during the early part of gestational weeks 27–36**, regardless of prior history of receiving Tdap.

Background

- Infants of Tdap vaccinated mothers born with significantly higher anti-pertussis antibodies compared to infants of unvaccinated mothers.
- Within the 27-36 weeks administration “window”
 - Concentrations of anti-pertussis antibodies in infant cord blood were higher when mothers were vaccinated earlier
 - Longer exposure to vaccine allows for higher vaccine induced antibody levels produced by mother and transferred to infant



Maternal Tdap Vaccine Protects Infants during First Year of Life (n=146,981)

- Highly protective against infant pertussis during the first 2 months of life (91%)
- More effective than postpartum Tdap in preventing pertussis in infants \leq 8wks (85%)
- Maternal Tdap continues to provide significant additional protection over 1st year of life (69%), even after a child is immunized.
- Children with maternal Tdap are better protected at each level of DTaP administered.
- Maternal Tdap does **not** interfere with infant DTaP.

This study strongly supports the current recommendation to administer Tdap during each pregnancy.

MenB-FHbp (Trumenba) Recommendations

Those at High Risk (Category A)

- Those ≥ 10 years and older who are at increased risk, e.g., asplenia, sickle cell, complement deficiency, taking eculizumab (Soliris), microbiologists, outbreaks, should receive:
 - 2-dose series of Bexsero (MenB-4C) at 0, ≥ 1 month apart; OR
 - 3-dose series of Trumenba (MenB-FHbp) at 0, 1–2, and 6 months.
 - If 2nd dose of Trumenba given ≥ 6 months after the 1st dose, the 3rd dose not needed.



MenB-FHbp (Trumenba) Recommendations, cont.

Clinical Discretion (Category B)

- Young adults age 16–23 (preferred age 16–18) healthy and not at increased risk for serogroup B meningococcal disease may receive either:

- 2-dose series of Bexsero (MenB-4C) at 0, \geq 1 month; OR

New • **2-dose series** of Trumenba (MenB-FHbp) at **0 and 6 months**.

- If the second dose of Trumenba is given at an interval of <6 months a third dose should be given \geq 4 months after the first dose.

Remember, the schedule for the Bexsero (MenB-4C) formulation is unchanged. A 2-dose series (0, \geq 1 month) is recommended for those at high risk and clinical discretion.



Checklist of Best Practices for Vaccination Clinics Held at Satellite, Temporary, or Off-site Locations

OVERVIEW OF THIS DOCUMENT

This checklist is a step-by-step guide for satellite, temporary, or off-site vaccination clinics. It outlines best practices for vaccine shipment, transport, and storage. A clinic should be kept on file by the local health department.

INSTRUCTIONS

1. A staff member who is responsible for the clinic (This individual is responsible for the clinic will be held accountable for the clinic).
2. Review this checklist before the clinic will be held.
3. **Critical guidelines for check "NO" in ONE of your organization's proceeding with the move forward with the clinic.**
4. Contact your organization if transported, stored, or information was provided marked as "NO" on the checklist.
5. This checklist should be reviewed at www.cdc.gov/vaccines. Consult the manufacturer's instructions for each vaccine.
6. **This checklist applies to all vaccination clinics.**
7. Sign and date the checklist. (If more than one clinic is being held, **complete only the checklist for the clinic you are attending.**)
8. Attach the staff signature and supervisor was over the clinic for accountability.

BEFORE THE CLINIC (Please review and answer each row before the clinic starts.)

VACCINE SHIPMENT

YES	NO	N.A.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Vaccine was shipped directly to the facility/clinic site, where adequate storage is available. (Direct shipment is preferred for cold chain integrity.)

VACCINE TRANSPORT (If it was not possible to ship vaccines directly to the facility/clinic site)

YES	NO	N.A.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Vaccines were transported using a portable vaccine refrigerator or qualified container and pack-out designed to transport vaccines within the temperature range recommended by the manufacturers (i.e., between 2-8° Celsius or 36-46° Fahrenheit for ALL refrigerated vaccines). See page 55 of CDC's Vaccine and Storage and Handling Toolkit for definitions of qualified containers and pack-outs: www.cdc.gov/vaccines/hcp/admin/storage/toolkit/storage-handling-toolkit.pdf .
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	The person transporting the vaccines confirmed that manufacturer instructions for packing configuration and proper conditioning of coolants were followed. (Your qualified container and pack-out should have come with packing instructions. If not, contact the company to obtain instructions on proper packing procedures.)
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	The person transporting the vaccines confirmed that all vaccines were transported in the passenger compartment of vehicle (NOT in vehicle trunk).
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	A digital data logger with a buffered probe (placed directly with vaccines) with a current and valid Certificate of Calibration Testing was used to monitor vaccine temperature during transport.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	The amount of vaccine transported was limited to the amount needed for the workday.

VACCINE STORAGE AND HANDLING (upon arrival at facility/clinic)

YES	NO	N.A.	
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	If vaccines were shipped, the shipment arrived within the appropriate time frame (according to manufacturer or distributor guidelines) and in good condition.
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	If vaccines were shipped, the cold chain monitor (CCM) was checked (if available) upon arrival at the facility/clinic, and there was no indication of a temperature excursion during transit. CCMs are stored in a

Checklist and Pledge can be found at:

<https://www.izsummitpartners.org/naiis-workgroups/influenza-workgroup/off-site-clinic-resources/>

MDPH Immunization Program



Contact Information

Immunization Program Main Number

For questions about immunization recommendations, disease reporting, etc.

- **Phone:** 617-983-6800
- **Fax:** 617-983-6840
- **Website:** www.mass.gov/dph/imm

MIIS Help Desk

- **Phone:** 617-983-4335
- **Fax:** 617-983-4301
- **Email:** miishelpdesk@state.ma.us
- **Websites:** www.contactmiis.info | www.mass.gov/dph/miis

MDPH Vaccine Unit

- **Phone:** 617-983-6828
- **Fax:** 617-983-6924
- **Email:** dph-vaccine-management@state.ma.us
- **Website:** www.mass.gov/dph/imm (click on Vaccine Management)